Religion and Worldviews Sticky Knowledge

Year 1	Year 2
Know that Christians believe there is one God who is loving, kind, and fair. Know that Muslims believe in one God, Allah, who created the world. Explain that the Bible is the holy book for Christians and the Qur'an is the holy book for Muslims. Know that a church and a mosque are special places of worship. Recognise that worship often includes prayer, special words, actions, and symbols. Know that baptism and weddings are important ceremonies for Christians. Recognise that religions have special objects and symbols that are precious to believers. Know that creation stories explain why the world is special to people of faith. Understand that religious beliefs can influence how people live their lives.	Know that Christians believe Jesus is the Son of God who was sent to help people. Know that Muslims believe Muhammad was a messenger of Allah. Understand that parables of Jesus teach Christians about kindness, forgiveness, and how to live. Know that the Five Pillars of Islam are the main duties Muslims follow. Know that the Ten Commandments are rules Christians believe were given by God. Recognise that Christmas celebrates the birth of Jesus and Easter celebrates resurrection and new life. Know that humanists do not believe in a god and do not worship. Understand that religious rules and stories link to ideas about right and wrong. Recognise that people of different faiths may share similar values even if their beliefs are different.

Religion and Worldviews Sticky Knowledge

Year 3	Year 4
Understand that a faith founder is the first person to begin a religion. Know that Jesus is recognised by Christians as a faith founder. Recognise that a church is a sacred place for Christians. Be aware that key events in Jesus' life are remembered by Christians. Know that the Trinity describes Christian beliefs about God and relationships. Understand that festivals help religious communities remember important stories. Recognise that artefacts and symbols show what is sacred to believers. Know that Remembrance Day is a non-religious occasion to remember those who died in war.	Understand that religious beliefs influence how people live their lives. Know that saints are recognised for showing exceptional holiness or faith. Name some significant people that are remembered for making a difference to society and explain how they did so. Know that stewardship means caring for the world. Understand that people of faith may make sacrifices to help others. Be aware that different religions describe God in different ways. Recognise that some questions about life and the world are considered ultimate. Know that religious communities support belonging and identity.

Religion and Worldviews Sticky Knowledge

Year 5	Year 6
Know that beliefs are expressed through worship, prayer, music, art, and pilgrimage. Understand that pilgrimage is a special journey with religious meaning. Recognise that Jerusalem and Mecca are important pilgrimage sites. Know that religious teachings guide beliefs about right and wrong. Be aware that different religions respond to ethical questions in different ways. Understand that religious festivals are celebrated in diverse ways around the world. Know that Hindu beliefs include reincarnation and karma. Recognise that Humanism offers non-religious explanations about life and meaning.	Understand that ideas of justice and fairness are shaped by religious teachings such as forgiveness, reconciliation, and equality. Know that forgiveness and reconciliation are taught in religions such as Christianity and Islam as ways to restore relationships. Recognise that religious identity is shaped by beliefs, practices, and belonging to a community. Know that Christians believe life is a gift from God and that death is not the end. Understand that Muslims believe in Akhirah (life after death) and personal responsibility for actions. Be aware that Humanists believe meaning is created in this life without belief in a god or afterlife. Know that sacred texts describe beliefs about God, humanity, and how people should live. Recognise that experiences of injustice can shape religious and non-religious responses. Understand that milestones such as birth, marriage, and death help people understand identity and belonging.